

Foreword

The pseudoisochromatic color plates first created by Stilling and further developed by Hertel, Velhagen, and Broschmann, have been published by Thieme Publishers for over a hundred years. Fortunately, an English language version of these plates is now available.

This edition consists of 32 color plates for screening of red-green and blue-yellow deficiencies. The color plates used to screen for blue-yellow deficiencies are placed at the end of the test series because these deficiencies are relatively rare. The plates to screen for red-green deficiencies include some color plates that were already used by Stilling and Hertel.

The color plates are based on the premise that the *subject* does not know the number and kind of characters (Arabic numerals and Latin letters) to be read on each plate. For children, dyslexic patients, and illiterate patients, there are several plates with tumbling E's so that a large range of individuals can be tested for color vision.

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