Index

A

a priori hypothesis, defined 71 absolute risk reduction (ARR) 123 abstract data 72 academic-initiated trial 196 accounting 226 accuracy, vs. precision 127 adjudication and bias 237, 240 central 238 defined 220 examples 239 Internet 241 in manual of operations 263 quality assurance in 240-241 requests 183-184 resources 239 time required 240 adjudication committee 265 administration of trials/studies 265 costs 186-191 administrative assistant 217, 218 adverse drug reaction 207 adverse events 149, 199, 207 in manual of operations 263 and recall bias 53 reporting 104 serious 199 adverse events form 254 agreement chance-independent 95 between groups 96 interobserver 94 magnitude 98 proportion 93-94, 95 between reviewers 72, 94 see also reliability alpha, Cronbach's 94, 95 alpha error 15, 132, 136, 149, 276, 280-281 alternative hypothesis 275, 276 analysis of variance (ANOVA) multiple comparison procedures 296-297 one-way 294-298 two-way 298-300 analytic studies 170 appraisal criteria, for RCTs 66 of economic analyses 83 approval, drugs and devices 207 association funding 211 attitude, in research 153 attrition bias 57 audits, clinical trials 197, 206-207 authorization code 262

B

background questions 68, 158 bar graphs 271 baseline characteristics form 251 Belmont Report 5 best evidence resources for finding 16 use of 42 beta error 15, 136, 149, 276, 280-281 bias 32 and adjudication 240 defined 37, 220, 237 types, in primary studies 71 see also attrition bias; expertise bias; recall bias: selection bias binomial distribution 273 biostatistician 216, 233 and sample size calculation 149 biostatistics 269 blind studies diagnostic 87 history 4 blinding 61, 165-166 appraisal criteria 66 defined 216, 237 block randomization 168 Bonferroni correction 178 box-and-whisker plots 271 budgeting 198, 226 adjudication costs 240 for research studies 181-195 see also costs

С

calculations. statistical 305-308 Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR) and DMC 230 and funding 210 **Canadian Occupational Performance** Measure (COPM) 118 case report forms (CRFs) 82, 248-257 administration 265 content 249 development stages 248 instructions for completing 256 review 256 style and layout 255-256 case reports 35 case series 35 clinical 47-48 defined 204 features of good design 47 case-control study 34-35, 49-54, 171, 173-175 analysis 51-52

data elements required 54 defined 39, 49 design 173 example 53, 174 limitations 52-53 when to use 52 cases incident. defined 50 prevalent, defined 50 selection 50 standard 249 categorical data 270, 282 categorical outcome 178 categorical variables, vs. continuous 301 centile 271 central methods center costs 181, 184-193, 192 data filing 183-184 defined 222, 259 functions 223-228 Internet communications 227, 228 necessity 222-223 personnel 215-217 role 222-229 staff 223 staffing costs 186 central outcomes adjudication committee 220-221 costs 192 centralized randomization 168 chi-square analysis/test 276, 283 with Excel 285-286 classes of data 270 classifications, research design 31-36 clinical case series 47-48 clinical centers/sites communication with 226-228 contracts with 226 cost breakdown 184 costs 181 payments to 182-184 personnel 217–218 preparation 182 reimbursement 266 clinical database system, costs 187 clinical effectiveness 82 clinical practice guidelines 197, 205 and research questions 153-154 clinical proficiency, and EBM 14-15 clinical research coordinator 218 history 3-4 need for 1-27 planning 143–214 principles 29-142 proposal requirements 145-152

see also studies; study design clinical scenario 86-90 clinical sites see clinical centers/sites clinical trials audits 197 monitoring 206-207 objectives 259 participation agreement 212 participation offer review 194-195 phases 196, 203-204 see also clinical research: studies clinicians blinding 165 skills needed in EBM 10 cluster randomization, defined 62-63 Cochrane database 11, 16 coefficient of determination (r^2) 291-292, 304 see also correlation coefficient cohort, defined 55 cohort study 34, 171-173 critical appraisal 173 defined 39 design 172 example 14, 173 prospective 55-58 retrospective, example 56 co-investigator 185, 216 collaborators 216 collection of costs, in economic analysis 82 communication around the clock 227 with clinical centers 226-228 costs 188-189 defined 227 with review board 199 community of science (COS) web site 211 computer hardware, costs 186-187 concealed treatment 223 concealment, defined 60 conditional probability 121-122 conduct analysis 72 confidence intervals (CI) 72, 275 advantages 128-130 calculating 306 and clinical significance 141-142 of correlation coefficient 304-305 defined 15, 127-131, 304 for different parameters 128 example use 129-130 and statistical significance 129 width 128 confidentiality, for study participants 201-202 conflicts of interest checklist 233-234 confounding variables 53, 57, 172, 180 consent see informed consent consistency, instruments 93 construct validity 108-109 content validity 108 contingency tables 286 continuous outcome 178, 179 continuous variables/data 270, 282

vs. categorical 301 control event rate (CER) 122, 123 Controlled Clinical Trial Database (Cochrane) 11 controlled experiments, history 3-4 convergent validity 109 "cookbook" medicine 14 coordinator 185, 216 coordinator, costs 185 co-principal investigator 185, 215-216 correction Bonferroni 178 and r^2 304 correlation 301-308 defined 301 directions 302 correlation coefficient (r) 291–292, 302-305 assumptions 304 calculating 305-306 defined 302 hypothesis test for 305 interpreting 303 intraclass 95 *P* value from 306–308 properties 303 see also coefficient of determination cost collection, in economic analysis 82 cost discounting 83 cost reduction, and EBM 17 cost-benefit analysis 46, 81 cost-effectiveness analysis (CEA) 78-80 see also incremental cost-effectiveness ratio cost-minimization analysis 77-78 costs adjudication 240 central methods center 184-193 clinical trial participation 194 ethics committee approval 198 see also budgeting cost-utility analysis (CUA) 80-81 see also incremental cost-utility ratio criterion validity 109 Cronbach's alpha 94, 95 crossover trials 33 design 63-64 crossovers, reducing 167 cross-sectional studies 35, 171, 175-176 cultural barriers, HRQL 110

D

data analysis, in reliability study 98 collection 183, 248 continuous vs. discrete 270 filing, central methods center 183– 184 management *see* data management monitoring, interim 230 pooling, defined 69 preparation 234 presentation 121–123, 234 types 270, 282

data analyst 216-217 data management 243-247 centralized 224-226 costs 188 by fax 244-246 by Internet 243-244 by mail 246-247 data manager, costs 185–186 data monitoring committee (DMC) 207, 230-236, 265 costs 192 defined 230 functions 231 history 230 independence 232 meetings 234-235 membership 232-234 need for 231-232 recommendations 235-236 data safety and monitoring board 219-220 database manager 217 database system, costs 187 DataFax Management System 224, 244-246 decision algorithm, Jadad 74, 75 decision analyses 41 decision models, levels of evidence 39 degrees of freedom 296 Department of Health and Human Sciences (DHHS) guidelines 5, 6 dependent variables 277, 288 vs. independent 301 descriptive statistics 270 descriptive studies 170 design of research see study design determination coefficient see coefficient of determination deviation from protocol 199 device evaluation 203-209 approval 207 example study 208-209 review process 205-206, 208 devices, federal regulation 205 diagnostic studies 85-90 hierarchies of study design 41 levels of evidence 38 and patient care 89 diagnostic tests critical appraisal 86 reproducibility 89 uncertainty 86-87 dichotomous outcome 178, 179 dictation script 260 differences, in outcome values 281-282 direct costs 195 discounting of costs, in economic analysis 83 discrete data 270 disease-specific measures HROL 118 orthopaedic trauma 116-117 outcome 103 distribution see normal distribution

documents, for case reports 248 double-blind studies, history 4 dropouts, accounting for 179 drug evaluation 203–209 approval 207 example study 208–209 review process 205–206, 208 drugs, federal regulation 205

E

early withdrawal form 255 EBM see evidence-based medicine economic analyses 77-84 appraisal 83 conducting 81-83 hierarchies of study design 41 levels of evidence 39 perspectives in 82 types 77 economist 216 education courses. EBM 25 effect size 139 defined 15 and P value 129 effectiveness 82, 204 efficacy, defined 204 EMBASE 162 EQ-5D 114 error in measurement 92 random 220 statistical. defined 135 types 135-136 see also standard error of the mean estimation 275 ethics approval 198, 204-205 principles 5 review 155 ethics committee defined 204 responsibilities 201 role 198-199 EuroQol-5D 114 event, defined 128 see also adverse events; single-event probability event rates 122 evidence hierarchy 10, 13, 31, 37-49 implementation in practice 20-26 preappraised 159 sources 159 evidence-based medicine (EBM) 8 challenges to 8, 10 and clinical proficiency 14-15 and cost reduction 17 courses in 25 criticism of 9, 10, 17 five As of 9 guidelines 21 and individual patients 16 key concepts 9 myths and misconceptions 12-18

need for 9 practice 31 and RCTs 13-14 resources 11, 22-25 and statistical expertise 15 surgery 8-11 vs. traditional approaches 8-9 usefulness for individual patients 16 Excel program and chi-square test 285-286 and *t* test 283–285 Excerpta Medica database (EMBASE) 162 exclusion criteria 72, 146-147, 260 expenses clinical sites 184 for research studies 193 experimental event rate (EER) 122, 123 experimental studies 32-34, 45 vs. observational 44-45 experiments, controlled, history 3-4 expertise bias 47 expertise-based design 62, 166 explanatory trials 60

F

F test 292 face validity 108 factorial design trials 33, 64-65 Fagan's nomogram 89 faxes costs 187-188 and data management 224, 244-246 financial manager 217 follow-up costs 183 final visit 265 loss to 166, 264-265 patients 263-265 report 253 Food and Drug Administration (FDA) drug and device approval 205 guidelines 5, 6 foreground questions 69, 158 forest plots 72-74 forms, for case reports 248-257 foundation funding 211 freedom, degrees of 296 frequencies, natural 123 frequency distribution 271, 296, 305 funding, strategies for obtaining 210-214

G

Garden index 94, 95 GCP *see* good clinical practice generalizability, defined 69 generic measures defined 112 outcome 102–103, 112–115 good clinical practice (GCP) 197, 205 Google Scholar 160 government funding 210–211 grades of recommendation 42 grant applications, tips 212–213 graphs, statistical, interpretation 289–290 gray literature 71 guidelines clinical research 5–6 evidence-based 21 good clinical practice 197 and question formulation 159 for research protocol 145

н

Health Canada 205 Health Utilities Index (HUI) 114-115 health-related quality of life (HRQL) 80 administering questionnaires 264 cultural and language barriers 110 disease-specific outcomes 116-120 generic measures 112-114 interviews 183 joint-specific measures 118 in manual of operations 263 measures, responsiveness to change 109-110 modes of administration 103-105, 148 as outcome measure 102, 107-111, 148 patient-specific measures 118-119 regional measures 117–118 selection of measures 147 studies, reviewing and reporting 110 utility measurement 112, 114-115 Helsinki Declaration 5, 197 heterogeneity defined 69.71 statistical test for 74 hierarchy of evidence 10, 13, 31, 37-49 hierarchy of research/study designs 21, 37-43 Guvatt and Rennie 39 Schunemann and Bone 39 for treatment studies 39-40 histograms 271 history clinical research 3-4 data monitoring committee 230 human welfare, ethical principle 5 hypothesis alternative 275, 276 a priori 71 defined 280 formulating 145 test for r 305 testing 132, 133, 135-138, 275-277 see also null hypothesis

I

ideas, for research 153–154 implementation of research evidence 20 imprecision, in statistical estimates 127, 128 incidence study 34 incident cases 50 inclusion criteria 72, 146–147, 260 incremental cost-effectiveness ratio (ICER) 78 incremental cost-utility ratio (ICUR) 80-81 independent variables 277, 288 vs. dependent 301 indirect costs 195 industry funding 211-212 industry-initiated/sponsored trials 196, 212 inference, statistical 276 informed consent 5, 15, 183, 200-201, 205 form 183, 199-200 obtaining 200-201 proxy 262 see also withdrawal from study inspection, defined 207 institutional review board 6 instruments internal consistency 93 and reliability 92 intention-to-treat principle 166-167 interim data 230, 234 internal consistency 107, 108 International Clinical Trials Registry 6 International Conference on Harmonization (ICH) 197 Internet for adjudication 241 for communication with clinical sites 227. 228 for data management 243-244 randomization system 189, 224-225 interobserver agreement/reliability 93, 94, 238 interquartile range 271 interrater reliability 107, 108 interventions, in manual of operations 262-263 intraclass correlation coefficient (ICC) 95, 97.107 intraobserver reliability 93, 238 investigator-initiated trial 196 investigators defined 205 meeting of 229 principal 185, 215, 217-218 role 197

J

Jadad decision algorithm 74, 75 joint-specific measures, HRQL 118

Κ

kappa coefficient 94-95

L

language barriers, HRQL 110 learning curve 47 least-squares regression line 291 levels of evidence 37–49 likelihood ratios, diagnostic tests 88 linear regression analysis 290–291 literature searching 10, 16, 71–72, 86, 158–163 comprehensive 146 critical appraisal 98–99 field descriptions and tags 162 and research questions 154 local funding 211 loss to follow-up 166

Μ

magnitude of effect see effect size mail, for data management 246-247 costs 190 maintenance costs. communication systems 188-189 management trials 60 manual of operations 190, 258-267 appendix 266 background information 259 communication 259 defined 258 patient status evaluation 259-260 manuscript preparation, systematic reviews 74 mean 272, 273 and proportions 279-287 standard error of 274, 275 statistical 271 measurement 91 measurement error 92 measures see outcome measures/parameters median 271, 305 medical literature see literature searching Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) 162 medications log 251 MEDLINE 160-162 meetings, costs 191-193 mentoring, for grant applications 212 meta-analysis 21, 35, 68-76 conducting 70-74 defined 82, 146, 213 hip fractures, interpreting 130-131 methodology, selecting 146-149 Microsoft Excel for chi-square test 285-286 for *t* testing 283-285 modeling, statistical 277 monitoring, clinical trials 206-207 multicenter randomized trials advantages 223 budget preparation 181-193 committees 219 see also randomized controlled trials multivariate regression analysis 52, 180, 277

Ν

narrative review 68 National Cancer Institute (NCI), trials programs 6 National Institutes of Health (NIH) and DMC 230

and funding 210 natural frequencies 123 negative trials/studies 72, 129-130 newsletter, for clinical centers 227 n-of-1 trials 9, 34, 65-66 defined 9, 40 example 66 noise, and statistical significance 292, 295 nominated principal investigator 185, 215 nonparametric methods 272-273 nonrandomized studies planning 170-176 vs. randomized 44-46 normal distribution 273, 274 defined 305 Nottingham Health Profile 114 null hypothesis 132, 156, 275, 276, 280 defined 305 see also hypothesis number needed to treat (NNT) 15, 123 numerical data 270 Nuremberg Code 5

0

objectives, of clinical trials 259 observational studies 34, 170, 171 data elements required 54 disadvantages 45 vs. experimental 44-45 vs. RCTs 13. 45-46 types 34-35 observations 270 odds ratio 122-123 2 × 2 table 174 calculation 51, 52 defined 15, 51 and phi 95 office costs, in research studies 190-191 one-tailed tests 282 one-way analysis of variance 294-298 example 297-298 open trials 32 orthopaedic medicine, EBM resources 22-25 orthopaedic surgery, and RCTs 59 orthopaedic trauma, specific instruments 116-117 orthopaedic trials, questions in 13 outcome measures/parameters 147 appropriate 103-104 clinical vs. statistical 140 continuous vs. dichotomous 147 disease-specific 116-120, 147 examples 148-149 for patients 101-106, 111 primary vs. secondary 177-178 for surgeons 111 understanding 101-120 usefulness 107-111 values, determining differences 281-282

outcomes adjudication, separate 237–242 classification 101–106 clinical 104 of disease, levels of evidence 38 patient follow-up 263 perspectives 101 primary 238 types 178 outliers, effect of 304 OVID 162 Oxford Centre for Evidence-Based Medicine 25, 37 levels of evidence tables 37, 38–39 Oxman and Guyatt index 74

Ρ

P value 275, 280 calculating 306-308 and confidence interval 127 defined 15, 132-134, 280, 305 example use of 133 limitations 133-134 and magnitude of agreement 98 meaning 281 see also significance paired *t* test 282–283 parallel trials 33, 63 parametric methods 272 confidence intervals for 128 participants in studies rights 201 selection, in reliability study 96 participation offer, clinical trials 194, 212 patients application of evidence 21 blinding 165 confidentiality 201-202 consent 183 daily record 183 discussing results with 125 evaluating 259-260 expenses for participation 184 following in hospital 183 follow-up 263-265 individual, and EBM 16 information needed for consent 200-201 perspective on outcome 101, 111 recruitment 183 reminder form 263, 264 rights as participants 201 safety, reporting 207 screening 183 selection, in reliability study 96 shadow chart 202 status documentation 262 see also informed consent Patient-Specific Index (PASI) 118-119 patient-specific measures, HRQL 118-119 payments to clinical sites 184 see also budgeting; costs

Pearson correlation (R) 94, 95, 302 example 305 peer-review system 211 percentage agreement 93-94 performance measures 147 pharmaceutical industry 196 phases, of clinical trials 196, 231 defined 203-204 phi 95 phone costs 189 PICO questions 158 pilot study budget 193 defined 211 pocket protocol 191 defined 216 Poisson distribution 273 pooling of data defined 69 software for 72 populations 272-274 normal distribution 274 and samples 269 positive trials/studies 72, 129-130 posters, for potential study patients 260, 261 postoperative information form 253 power of studies/tests 136-137, 149, 276 defined 15.68 pragmatic trials 60 preappraised evidence 159 precision, vs. accuracy 127 predictive value 88-89 predictor variables 180 preoperative information form 251-252 prevalence, defined 175 prevalence studies 35 prevalent cases, defined 50 primary outcome 238 primary study bias types 71 defined 69, 72 principal investigator 185, 215 site 217-218 printing costs, research studies 190 probability conditional 121-122 defined 121 distributions 272-274 ratios, diagnostic tests 88 single-event 121 types 121-122 prognostic studies 179-180 hierarchies of study design 41 levels of evidence 38 proportion agreement 93-94, 95 proportions 270 and means 279-287 proposal, research example format 150 requirements 145-152 prospective cohort study 55-58 prospective study, defined 56

protocol administrative costs 190 deviations 199, 265 pocket 191, 216 for RCT, organizing 150–152 surgical, standardization 164–165 violation 199 protocol deviation form 254 proxy consent 262 publication bias 14, 72 defined 14 publications, preparation 229 PubMed searches 16, 160–162

Q

quality assurance, in adjudication 240-241 quality control reports 224, 226 with DataFax system 245-246 responding to 183-184 quality of life see health-related quality of life Quality of Well-Being Scale (QWB) 115 quality-adjusted life years (QALY), defined 80 questionnaires administering 264 self-administered vs. interview 113 see also health-related quality of life questions, for research answerable 158-159 characteristics of good 154-156 clinical 9 defining 70, 96 "FINER" characteristics 154-155 foreground vs. background 68-69, 158 formulating 145-146 four elements 154 generating 156 guidelines as sources 159 identifying 153-157 "PICO" model 154 refining 156 **QUORUM statement** 74

R

r see correlation coefficient R see Pearson correlation r^2 see coefficient of determination random error, defined 220 randomization 167-168, 183 automated 223 centralized 223-224 cluster 62 costs 188-189 defined 204 form 250-251 instructions 262 Internet system 189, 224-225 procedure, in manual of operations 260 stratified 165 telephone system 189, 224 unit 62-63, 262

randomized controlled trials (RCTs) 22, 32-33. 59-67 appraisal checklist 66 budgeting for 181-195 committees 219 crossover trial 63-64 defined 13, 39, 60, 70, 82, 237 designs 63-66 and EBM 13-14 factorial design 64-65 history 4 multicenter, budget preparation 181-193 n-of-1 trials 65-66 vs. nonrandomized 44-46 vs. observational studies 45-46 in orthopaedic surgery 59 parallel trial 63 planning 164-169 protocol organization 150-152 total expenses 193 types 33-34 range, statistical 271 raters, selection, in reliability study 96 rates, vs. proportions 270 rating session, in reliability study 97-98 recall bias 53, 174 recommendations data monitoring committee 235-236 grades of 42 recruitment 183 recruitment package 260 reference standards, in diagnostic studies 87 regional measures, HRQL 117-118 registries of trials Cochrane database 11 International Clinical Trials Registry 6 regression 293 regression analysis 180, 277, 288-293 linear 290-291 regulations, clinical research 5-6 regulatory issues 197 devices and drugs 203-209 responsibility 201 reimbursement, for study centers 265 relative risk 15, 122 reliability defined 92 factors influencing 108 measures of 93-95 outcome measures 107-108 types 93 vs. validity 107 see also agreement reliability coefficient 107, 108 reliability study 91-99 conducting 95-98 key steps 98 reminder form, for patients 263, 264 reports forms for cases 248-257 preparation 229

reproducibility diagnostic tests 89 and reliability 91 research assistants 186, 217 research design see study design research ethics board (REB) 204-205 research evidence, implementation in practice 20-26 research funding grant application tips 212-213 strategies for obtaining 210-214 research proposal, example format 150 research question see questions research study see study research team see study team resources for EBM 11, 22-25 responsibilities, in research studies 201 responsiveness to change, HRQL 109-110 results appraisal criteria 66 discussing with patients 125 interpreting 98, 139-141 retrospective cohort study, example 56 retrospective study case-control 50 defined 56 example 14 reviews, systematic see systematic reviews risk, absolute 123

S

safety, reporting 207 safety committee 265 sample size 137, 140, 177-180 calculation 149, 177, 179 determining 149 in reliability study 96-97 samples and populations 269 statistical 272-274 sampling distributions 273-274 scaling, of graphs 289 screening, of patients 183 screening form 249-250 search interface 162 selection of cases and controls 50-51 patients, in reliability study 96 selection bias 47, 53, 60, 172 sensitivity 88, 89 sensitivity analysis 41, 74, 82-83, 83 sequential trials, history 4-5 shadow chart 202 Short Form-12 113 Short Form-36 112-113 Short Musculoskeletal Functional Assessment (SMFA) 118 Sickness Impact Profile (SIP) 113-114 significance clinical, and confidence intervals 141-142 clinical vs. statistical 129, 139-142, 287

statistical 129, 276, 292 and treatment effect 15 see also P value; statistical analysis/ testing single-blind studies, history 4 single-center pilot study, budget 193 single-event probability 121 site investigator 217-218 sites see clinical centers/sites; web sites skills, individual surgeons 13, 59, 62, 164 SMFA outcome measure 118 software costs 187, 189 statistical packages 217 source documents 248 Spearman correlation coefficient 306 Spearman rank correlation 305 specificity 88, 89 sponsor 197, 205 sponsor-investigator 205 staffing costs 185-186 standard case 249 standard deviation (SD) 271, 272, 273 standard error of the mean (SE) 274, 275 standard operating procedures (SOPs) 197, 234, 258 standardized mean difference (SMD) 72 start-up funding 211 statistical analysis/testing 277, 279 calculations 305-308 choice of tests 283 conducting 283-287 guide 269-307 means and proportions 279-287 see also significance; statistics statistical error, types 135-136 statistical expertise, and EBM 15 statistical modeling 277 statistical packages 217 statistical power see power of studies/ tests statistician, senior 216 statisticians, costs 185, 186 statistics basic principles 269-278 descriptive 271-272 purpose 269 terminology 15 see also significance; statistical analysis/testing steering committee 192, 219, 265 stratification 168, 262 stratified randomization 165 studies administration 265 budgeting for 181-195 case report forms (CRFs) 248-257 conducting 215-267 design see study design leadership 232 material 226 positive vs. negative 72, 129-130 posters 190

power see power of studies/tests sample 269, 272-274 sponsor 197, 205 supplies for, costs 190 team see study team see also clinical research; clinical trials; randomized controlled trials; systematic reviews: trials study design 21 case-control 49 classifications 31-36 comparison of types 171 experimental vs. observational 32 expertise-based 62, 166 hierarchy 21, 37-43 key concepts 21 randomized vs. nonrandomized 44-46 sample size 177-180 selecting 146-149 understanding 47-99 study team description in proposal 150-151 roles 215-221 selecting members 150 subgroup analysis 74 subjects, selection 96 supplies for studies, costs 190 surgery, evidence-based 8-11 surgical literature, critical appraisal 98_99 surgical protocol, standardization 164-165 surgical report 252 systematic reviews 21, 35, 69 conducting 70-74 defined 146 evaluating 74-75 example 69 MEDLINE search strategy 163

T

t test 276 with Excel 283–285 multiple, problems with 295 paired 282–283 target outcome 238 target population 269 team members description in proposal 150-151 selecting 150 telephone costs 189 termination of study 235 terminology, statistics 15 TESS outcome measure 118 test-retest reliability 107, 108 tests evaluating 276 one-tailed vs. two-tailed 282 power see power of studies/tests statistical see statistical analysis/ testing thresholds 85 usage 282-283 therapeutic studies hierarchies of study design 39-40 levels of evidence 38 thresholds, testing and treatment 85-86 time horizon, in outcomes 101–102 timeframe, study plan 150 Toronto Extremity Salvage Score (TESS) 118 travel costs 192–193 treatment levels of evidence for results 38 threshold 85-86 treatment effects comparing 123 presentation 121-126 understanding 121-142 treatment studies hierarchies of study design 39-40 levels of evidence 38 trials budgeting for 181-195 committees 219, 229 interpreting results 124 investigator- vs. industry-initiated 196 leadership 232 need for, protocol description 151 nonrandomized 170 organization 168-169, 223 parallel 33, 63 positive vs. negative 72, 129-130 see also studies

troubleshooting, in manual of operations 266 truncation, in searches 160 two-tailed tests 282 two-way analysis of variance 298–300 type I error 132, 136, 149, 166–167, 276, 280–281 type II error 136, 149, 276, 280–281 types of data 282

U

uncertainty in diagnostic tests 86–87 in statistical estimates 127, 128 univariable analysis 180 Users' Guide web site 25 utility measures, HRQL 103, 112, 114–115, 147

V

validity appraisal criteria 66 diagnostic studies 86 instruments 92 outcome measures 107, 108–109 vs. reliability 107 variables confounding 53, 57, 172, 180 defined 301 independent vs. dependent 288 variance 271, 295–296 *see also* analysis of variance variation, within-group 295 violation of protocol 199

W

web sites, relevant to EBM 16 weighted kappa 94–95 withdrawal from study 57, 167, 199, 201, 234, 249, 255 form 255 within-group variation 295 WOMAC outcome measure 118 World Health Organization (WHO) 6